



## Information Collected In the Form of Different Types

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### I. INTRODUCTION

The library plays an important role in academic and social life's. Library is an organized collection of information made accessible to everyone without any difference. The collection of books or materials inside the library are for reference/borrowing and this information in the form of books, magazines, newspapers, CD's, journals & research papers etc. library provides physical / digital access to all material.

Library – derived from the Latin liber, meaning “Book.” A collection of books and other print or non-print materials placed and maintained for all use (reading, research etc...)

#### SCOPE:

This article is going to cover and focusing on types of libraries and models of information collected in ancient days.

#### PRESERVATION PROCESS IN OF INFORMATION:

Deacidification preservation is used in library materials by stopping the acidity process contained in the paper By the help of fumigation (this is the method of controlling the pest or small types of micro organism) in the form of smoke will protect the book and its information from damages. The person who fumigates this process is called as **an Exterminator**.

#### ROLE OF LIBRARY IN DIFFERENT PLACES:

A different types of library are, public library, school library, college library, Academic library, office library and so on.. collection of information in library differs in the form of newspapers, books, periodicals, manuscripts, maps, prints, documents, CDs, e-books, databases, and some formats. Libraries range and size from a minimum number of shelves to several items.

#### “Library is always entry free and knowledge free concept”

On academic sides Libraries offer free education and entertainment to students, work professional or a common person. It doesn't matter who you are and what your economic status , you can come and have free access to books. The use of school/college/ university libraries is limited only to the students studying in that particular school/college/university But state and community libraries are open for all ,anyone can avail the benefits of this type of libraries during working hours.

#### VIEWS OF THE LIBRARY IN EARLY DAYS:

Information are collected and stored in one place called Library on common view Library is the store-house for books, it would not be wrong to say. This place which keep the things safe. A library is not just a source of reading alone, library act as local museum information collected and placed can't experienced

#### TYPES OF LIBRARIES:

Now a day's libraries are more important, We have smart phone and internet everywhere , search will give many results sometimes receives the information slightly different instead of our search it may not appropriate for our search exactly, In that time a library book belongs to that particular search will give the information more easy and precise it also gives the results for our search all together in one

#### NATIONAL LIBRARY:

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Union Minister of Education opened the Library to Public on **1st February 1953**. The name of National Library was changed to “National Library of India”

A national library is a **library which was established by a government as a country's preeminent repository of information**. Unlike school library, college library or public libraries, these rarely allow citizens to access

**ACADEMIC LIBRARIES:**

Academic library is generally located in all the campus of school, college and universities With number of books, newspaper, magazines, journals, periodicals, thesis, projects and so on. Students belongs to the particular academic can use.

**RESEARCH LIBRARIES:**

A research library contains an in-depth collection of material on one or more subjects. A research library will generally include an in-depth selection of materials on a exact topic

**REFERENCE LIBRARIES:**

This type of reference library allow the people to refer the books inside the premises it does not allow the users to take the book out

**SPECIAL LIBRARIES:**

Special libraries are located in specialized environments, like hospitals, museums, corporations, military, private sector and government.”

Public libraries serve in all cities and towns.

School libraries serve students from KG to 12.

Academic libraries serve to more than higher studies students

Public libraries serve from child to citizen

**ADD ON POINTS OF LIBRARY**

The first public library in India is **State Central Library of Kerala, also known as the Trivandrum Public Library**. it was established in 1829

**Anna Centenary Library** is the largest Library in Tamil Nadu which is located in Kotturpuram, Chennai.

April 4 is National School Librarian Day and April 16 is National Librarian Day

Saraswathi Mahal Library, also called Thanjavur Maharaja Serfoji's Saraswathi Mahal Library located in Thanjavur , Tamil Nadu



**TYPES OF LETTER INFORMATION COLLECTED IN HISTORICAL PERIOD**

**PALM-LEAF MANUSCRIPTS:**



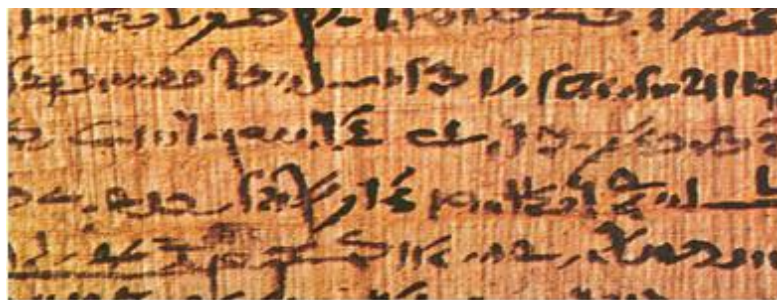
**NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:**



CLAY TABLETS:



PAPYRUS



ASHURBANIPAL LIBRARY:  
Collection of around 30000 clay tablets



## **II. CONCLUSION:**

However we had a world in our hand as a form of android mobile , Also book service need during our study hours and also during the time of electrical issues. Now a day's many of the libraries are digital it will be helpful for the readers to search their needs as per their wish.

### **Reference :**

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